BANK OF UTAH PRESENTS

REALESTATE ECONOMIC FORECAST

NEVADA & UTAH





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Agenda

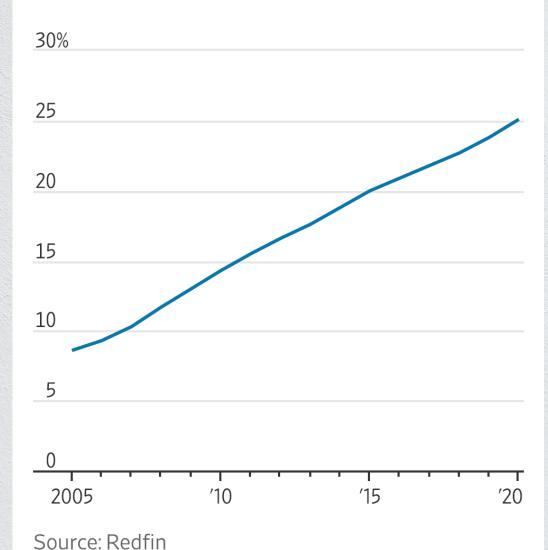
1. Residential & Commercial Market Overview

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Aging in Place

Proportion of U.S. homeowners who have lived in their homes for more than 20 years



National Housing Statistics

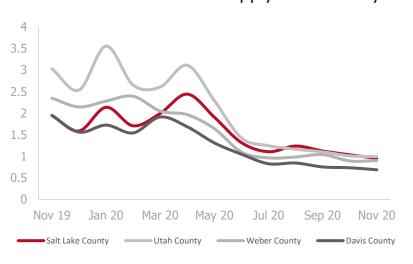
- 2010 Average Length of Stay: 8.7 yrs
- 2020 Average Length of Stay: 13 yrs
- Inventory down 22%
- Prices up 15%
- Average Price: \$310,000
- 2.3 Months Supply

https://www.wsj.com/articles/housing-market-stays-tight-as-homeowners-stay-put-11611226802?st=accskv87tpcrcil&reflink=article_email_share

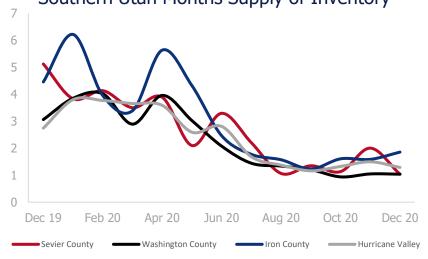


Residential Inventory Levels at Historic Lows

Northern Utah Months Supply of Inventory



Southern Utah Months Supply of Inventory



Southern Nevada Months Supply of Inventory



Source: erabrokers.com/research



Residential Home Values Continue to Increase

	T12 Median	YOY	T12 Avg	YOY	Current	Building
Market	Sales Price	Change	Sales Price	Change	Inventory	Permits
Weber County, UT	\$286,565	11%	\$323,871	9%	376	1,302
Davis County, UT	\$360,526	11%	\$391,376	12%	301	1,364
Salt Lake County, UT	\$374,481	10%	\$428,856	11%	1,535	4,112
Summit County, UT	\$1,043,631	28%	\$1,531,540	24%	493	186
Utah County, UT	\$353,506	8%	\$396,216	9%	894	5,227
Sevier County, UT	\$205,118	15%	\$228,443	17%	32	53
Beaver County, UT	\$205,275	27%	\$237,357	48%	19	9
Iron County, UT	\$252,684	13%	\$271,473	15%	182	554
Hurricane Valley, UT	\$343,319	14%	\$373,549	18%	86	586
Washington County, UT	\$362,622	14%	\$415,875	17%	420	2,780
Mesquite, NV	\$291,275	13%	\$311,928	18%	101	356
Las Vegas, NV	\$304,607	8%	\$357,355	10%	6,310	9,548

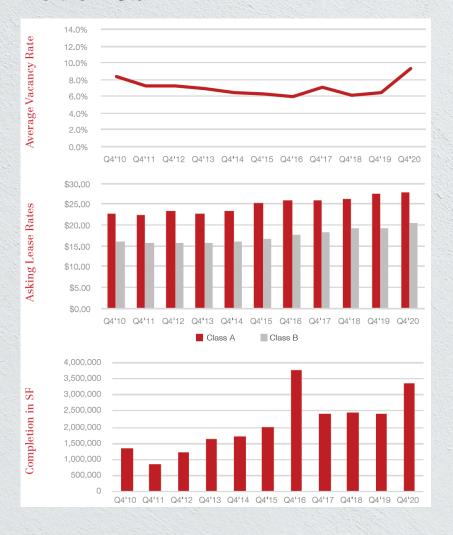
Source: erabrokers.com/research



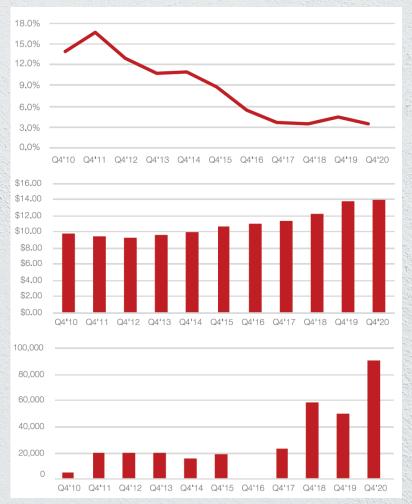
OFFICE

According to Statistica, 44% of office workers are working from home 5 days a week as compared to 17% prior to 2020.

Northern Utah



Southern Utah

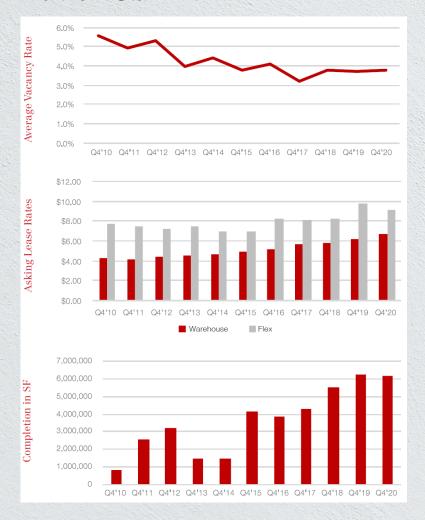




INDUSTRIAL

Growth in all sectors including data centers, distribution, construction, and manufacturing. (Facebook, Google, Amazon, etc)

Northern Utah



Southern Utah

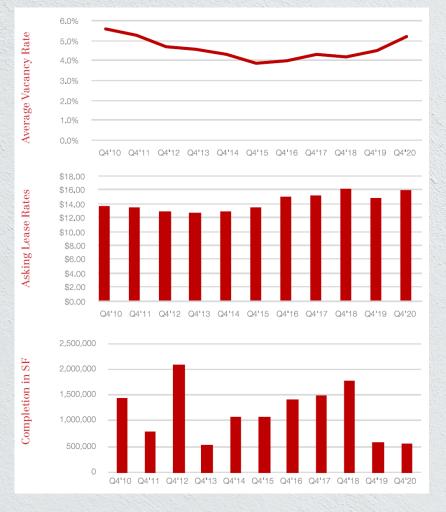




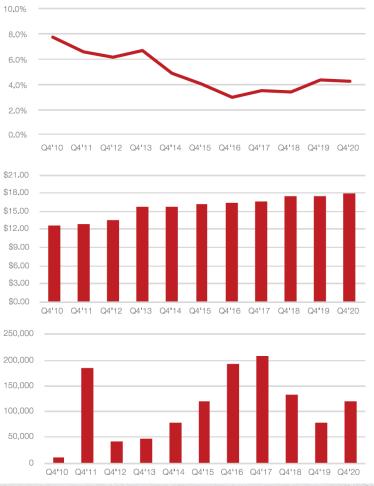
RETAIL

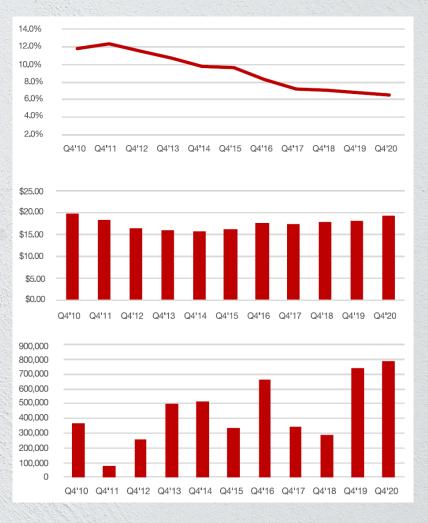
- Low demand for traditional malls, department stores, dine in restaurants, movie theatres, gyms, and entertainment.
- Strong demand for grocery stores, drive thru restaurants, home improvement, outdoor recreation.

Northern Utah



Southern Utah

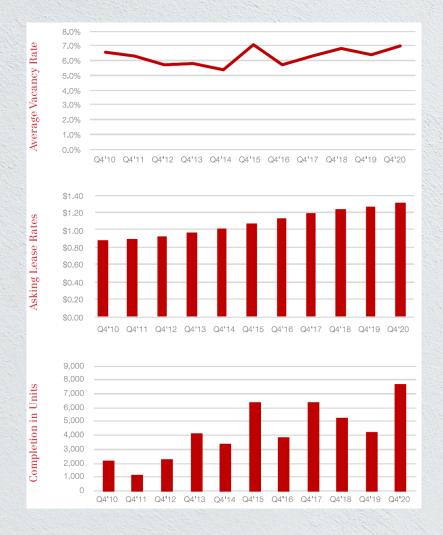




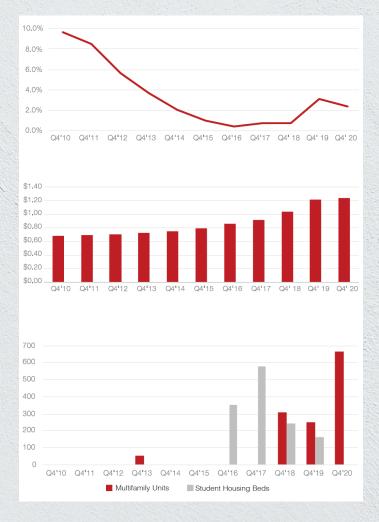
MULTIFAMILY

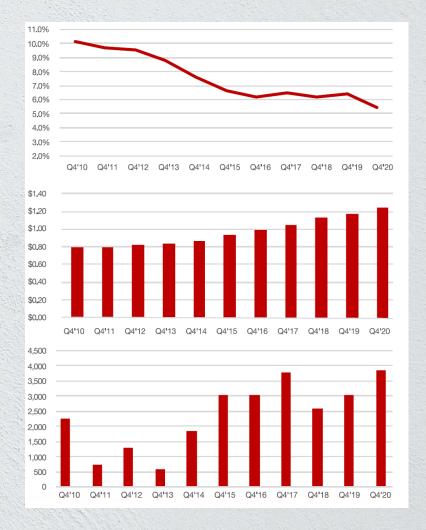
Driven by population growth and a housing shortage. Renting is the most affordable and flexible option. It is the only option for many individuals.

Northern Utah



Southern Utah





Research Publications







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Long Term Demand is Strong

Salt Lake County, UT

The Utah Population Estimates Committee projects Utah County to grow by approximately 69,000 people over the next 5 years. With 2.8 people per housing unit, this will require construction of 4,800 housing units (single family, townhomes, condos, and apartments) be built each year. This projected growth rate is lower than the actual growth rate of the last 5 years.

Utah County, UT

The Utah Population Estimates Committee projects Utah County to grow by approximately 89,000 people over the next 5 years. With 3.5 people per housing unit, this will require construction of 5,000 housing units (single family, townhomes, condos, and apartments) be built each year. This projected growth rate is slightly lower than the actual growth rate of the last 5 years.



Long Term Demand is Strong

Washington County, UT

The Utah Population Estimates Committee projects Washington County to grow by approximately 33,000 people over the next 5 years. With 2.4 people per housing unit, this will require construction of 2,700 housing units (single family, townhomes, condos, and apartments) be built each year. This projected growth rate is slightly lower than the actual growth rate of the last 5 years.

Clark County, NV

The Nevada State Demographer projects
Clark County to grow by approximately
146,000 people over the next 5 years. With
2.46 people per housing unit, this will require
construction of 12,000 housing units (single
family, townhomes, condos, and apartments)
be built each year. This projected growth rate
is slightly lower than the actual growth rate of
the last 5 years.



is not distributed evenly. Instead, we tend Distribution to bunch up in communities, leaving the spaces in between more sparsely inhabited. Most Americans live in or near cities; today 53 percent live in the 20 largest cities. 75 percent of all Americans live in metropolitan areas. This map shows population density. The Go West. Nevada is the Wyoming has the lowest What happens in the empty Chicago, the country's third largest city, has a pop-ulation of about three million relative height of each major city reflects spaces? Some of it is farmfastest growing state, folpopulation density of all its population in 1990. lowed by Arizona, Idaho, ing country. More than one states in the lower 48 with Shurce, U.S. Census Bureau Colorado, and Utah. an average of five people quarter of America's crop land people. There are 21 states is used to grow com. One with populations smaller than per square mile. third of what is produced is this city. exported to other countries. Largest metropolitan area includes New York City and portions of New Jersey and Long Island with a total population of 20 million. • Rapid City Population density is highest in New York City, where there are 23,000 people per Approximately one in nine Americans lives in the nation's most populous state-California. More than 15 million people live in the Los Angeles, Riverside, and Orange County metropolitan area. Wet. Some states are full of water. For example, Louisiana includes more than 8,000 square miles of lakes and wetlands. That's an area bigger than Connecticut and Rhode Island combined. Coastal areas are home to more than half the U.S. population. Distributing our population New Jersey is the most densely Alaska is a sparsely populated state with an average of one person per evenly would put an average of 76 populated state with an average people per square mile. of more than 1,000 people per square mile.

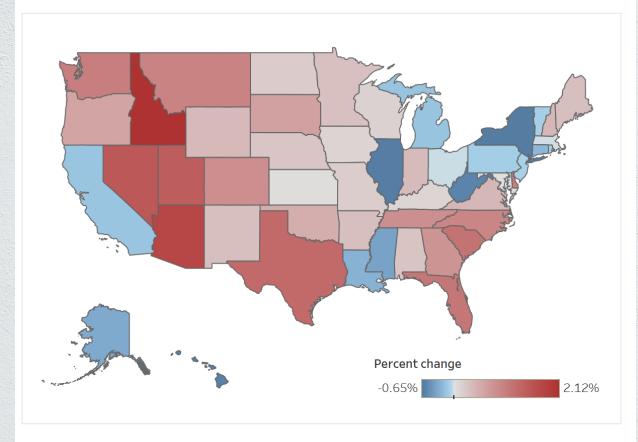
The population of the United States



Population

State Population Growth Slows

Sixteen states lost population between 2019 and mid-2020 amid the biggest national growth slowdown since the 1930s. The annual Census Bureau estimates are a preview of what the official census count could show in March when seats in Congress and the Electoral College are officially distributed among states.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau population estimates, July 2020



States with the most and least job losses as a share of total employment from Dec. 2019-Dec. 2020

YOY Percent change (preliminary)

Top 10 states with the least job losses		
Idaho	0.6	
Utah	0.6	
Miss.	-1.4	
Ala.	-1.7	
Ga.	-1.7	
Neb.	-2.3	
S.C.	-2.4	
Ariz.	-2.8	
Ark.	-2.8	
Ind.	-2.8	

Top 10 states with the most job losses				
Calif.	-8			
N.J.	-8			
Minn.	-8.3			
R.I.	-8.7			
N.H.	-8.8			
Vt.	-9			
Mass.	-9.1			
N.Y.	-10.4			
Mich.	-10.9			
Hawaii	-13.8			

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



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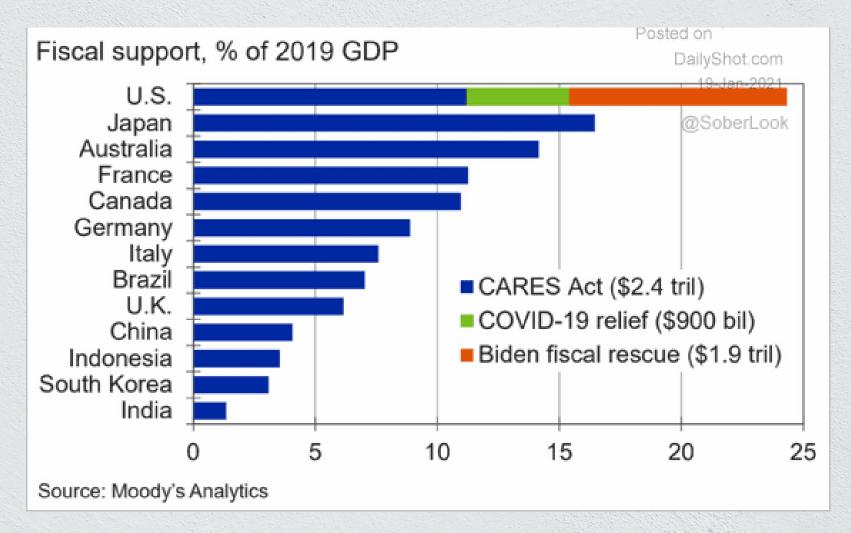
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Federal Government Stimulus





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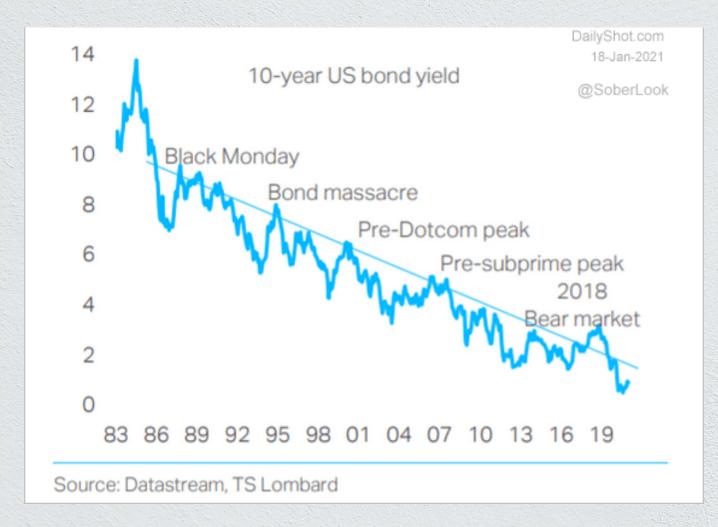
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Interest Rates in Structural Decline



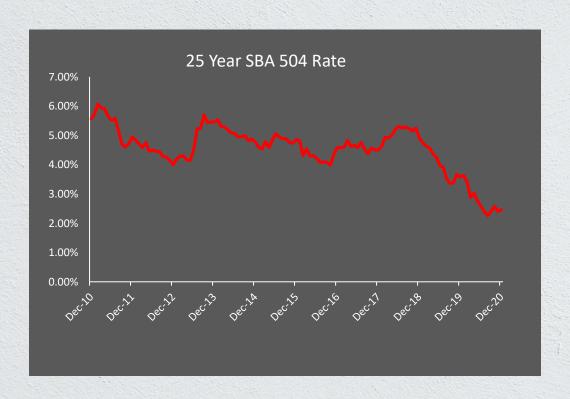
40 year history of falling rates

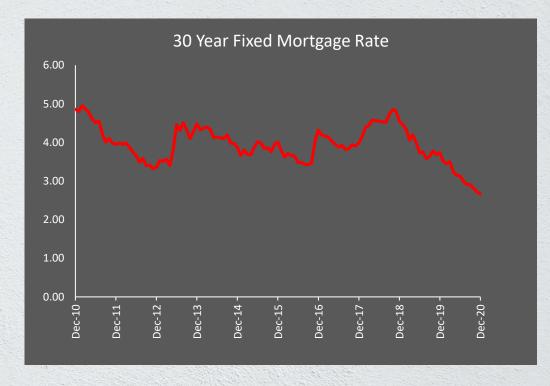
Even current rates are higher than rates in Japan, Germany, and other developed economies.

Will rates go lower? The Federal Reserve seems committed to keep rates low.



Interest Rates-Commercial and Residential





Interest rates dropped one full point in 2020 from previous historic lows.

Although SBA and Mortgage rates are not indicative of commercial rates, the same trend is occurring in commercial lending.

Residential mortgage rates are at historic lows



Falling Interest Rates Increased Purchasing Power

Purchasing Power at Various Interest Rates and Payment Levels Assuming 90% LTV

Interest Rate	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,250	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,750	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,500	\$ 3,000
5.0%	\$207,000	\$259,000	\$310,000	\$362,000	\$414,000	\$517,000	\$621,000
4.5%	\$219,000	\$274,000	\$329,000	\$384,000	\$439,000	\$548,000	\$658,000
4.0%	\$233,000	\$291,000	\$349,000	\$407,000	\$465,000	\$582,000	\$698,000
3.5%	\$247,000	\$309,000	\$371,000	\$433,000	\$495,000	\$619,000	\$742,000
3.0%	\$264,000	\$329,000	\$395,000	\$461,000	\$527,000	\$659,000	\$791,000
2.5%	\$281,000	\$352,000	\$422,000	\$492,000	\$562,000	\$703,000	\$844,000
2.0%	\$301,000	\$376,000	\$451,000	\$526,000	\$601,000	\$752,000	\$902,000
1.5%	\$322,000	\$402,000	\$483,000	\$563,000	\$644,000	\$805,000	\$966,000

Change in Interest Rates and the Resulting Change in Purchasing Power

4.5% to 2.5% 28.3% @ 3% +1% -11.7% @ 3% -1% 14.0%



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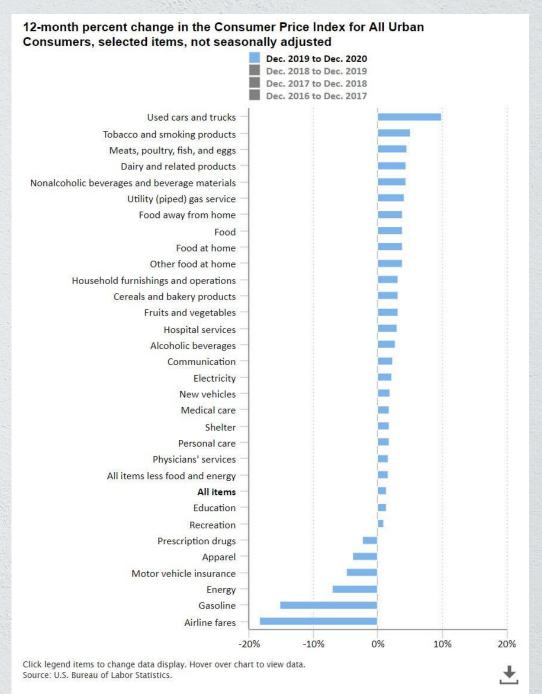


2020 CPI Registered 1.4% 2020 S&P Increased 16%

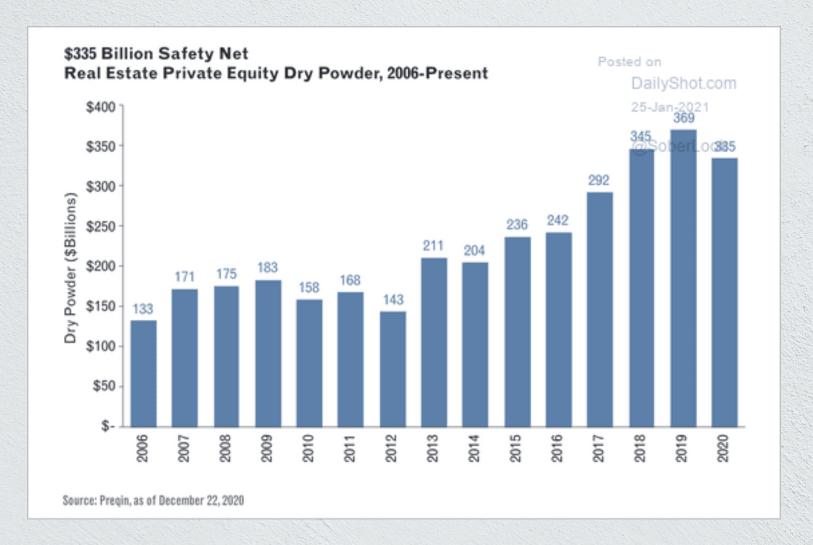
Prices of consumption items are increasing on average At low single digits. There remains concern from policy Makers regarding deflation.

Asset prices are rising at much higher rates. Stocks, bonds, Real estate



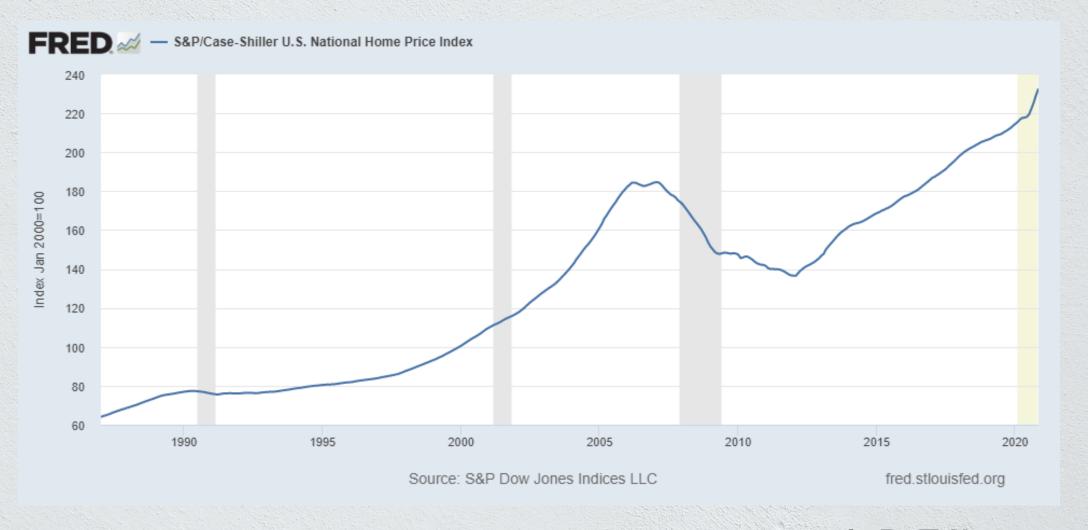


Commercial Real Estate Funds Flush with Capital



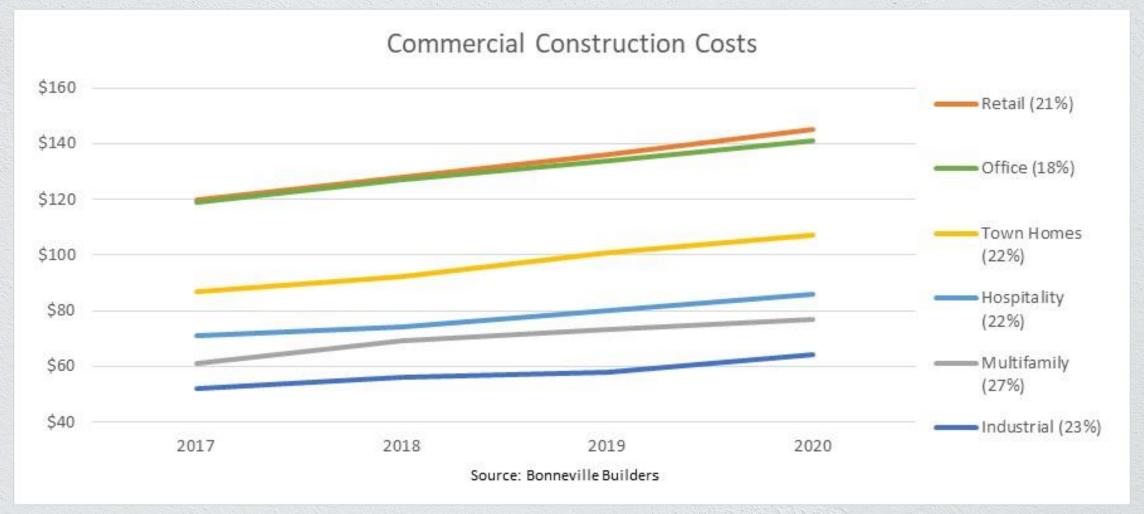


Home Prices Continue to Increase





Construction Costs Continue to Increase





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Forecast

Population Growth Drive Prices Up

Lower Interest Rates Drive Prices Up

Housing Shortage Drives Prices Up

Multifamily Shortage Drives Prices Up

Construction Costs Drive Prices Up

Stimulus Drives Prices Up

Interest Rate Policy Drives Prices Up

Most Asset Values are Inflationary

Employment is mostly recovered where open

Economic Drivers to Watch

Governments Determine Real Estate Values

Mortgage Rates and 10yr Treasury Rates

Economies Open or Closed
Incentivize Remote Work

Permitting and Inspections on New Construction

Demand

How Many More People Will Move than Projected Urban to Rural Shift

Supply

Standing Inventory in Real Estate

New Construction Costs Continue to Rise



Research Publications







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